

THE DAILY GAZETTE.
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Parts of year at same rate.
JOB PRINTING.
Book, and every description of Commercial and
Law Printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job
Rooms.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.
FIRST DISTRICT.
A Republican Convention of the First Congressional District of the State of Wisconsin, composed of the counties of Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, and Rock, is hereby called to meet at the village of Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, on Tuesday, the 13th day of August, 1878, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, to nominate a candidate for Congress, for the District of Wisconsin, for the term of two years. Each Senator and Assemblyman will be entitled to two delegates in the Convention.
Dated July 16th, 1878.
JOHN R. BENNETT,
A. D. THOMAS,
ELIHU ENOS,
T. G. FISH,
W. E. REED,
Committee.

THAT RING OF POLITICIANS.
The Milwaukee Sentinel says it is engaged in no Senatorial fight, that "the defeat of the Legislative Republican Committee, the retirement of the Madison Postmaster from the management of the Republican party, and of Mr. Howe from the Senate, are not the aim of the war made on the ring of politicians," but "that they are mere incidents in a struggle for a better public service." For the very life of us, we are yet unable to understand why the Sentinel wishes to defeat the Legislative Committee. If it had done anything politically immoral, if it had at any time usurped the authority of the State Central Committee or attempted it, if it was in anywise serving a master, was obeying the dictation of any one man or set of men who assumed to control the party in the State for his or their personal advantage, then the Gazette would join the Sentinel in the effort to defeat the purposes of the Committee. But so far, we have failed to see any attempt of the Committee to do anything for or against anybody. It has not done a thing as yet—neither has the Central Committee. Both have been as quiet as if there was no campaign for the next five years. Therefore, until the Legislative Committee shall do something which shall make it odious, or shall do which is contrary to honorable political dealing, why clamor for its annihilation. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." If the Committee can be of any service to the Central Committee, if it can render material aid in securing a Republican triumph this fall, why not let it alone, or rather help it than throw stumbling blocks in its way? As to the Madison Postmaster, we sincerely regret that he is "as a thorn in the flesh" to the Milwaukee Sentinel. We have not been able to discover wherein he is managing the Republican party of Wisconsin. He is certainly not at work in Rock county, for the Republicans of Old Rock are intelligent enough, wise enough, strong enough, to manage themselves. They bow to the dictation of no man. They are firmly impressed with the righteousness of the principles of the Republican party, and will work and vote without being led by any ring or any Committee. We take it for granted that the Republicans in other portions of the State will act for themselves, just as intelligent voters should.

The Sentinel is certainly well enough acquainted with the members of the Legislative Committee to feel assured that they cannot be hoodwinked nor driven about by any one. They are excellent men, have the confidence of the people in their respective districts, and cannot be made to enter any ring for any body. As to the Gazette misrepresenting the motives of the Sentinel, we disclaim any desire to do it in injustice. We approved of the course of the Sentinel in opposing the school book monopoly, and enlarging the hospitals at an extravagant cost, and on these questions and on many others of importance to the State, the Sentinel and the Gazette stood side by side. But we cannot justify its relentless hostility to the Legislative Committee, nor its misrepresentations regarding its organization.

THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND MILL DAMS.
The conduct of the State Board of Health in assuming the duties of a court in the investigation of the building of the Milford dam, is attracting considerable attention, and calls forth the severest condemnation from all hands. The following very sensible article on the subject we take from the State Journal, of Monday:
"The State Board of Health is no doubt a good thing. There cannot be too much care taken that the health of the community is protected with all the safeguards possible. When a cause for disease is discovered, the fact should be made public. It had not occurred to us, however, that authority was given to this Board to assume the prerogatives of a high court, and to remove mill dams at will. From recent action in regard to a very old dam in Jefferson county, it would seem that some of the members of the State Board hold to a different view of their duties. A dam at Milford, constructed nearly forty years ago, is among the subjects of investigation by this Board of Health. It was created by legislative authority, and has afforded a mill power that has been of vast benefit to the people for a large circle around it. It should be respected for its age, if for nothing else. It was constructed before the lands in the marshes above it were entered. Latterly, it has occurred to some persons who have become owners of some of the marsh land, that it could be drained to better advantage if this Milford dam were removed. It does not occur to these men that the Messrs. Greene, who own the dam, and who rank among the best citizens of the country, had acquired rights there, long before these persons making complaints, were residents of the State. These old rights are of no consequence in their estimation. They have now called the State Board of Health to

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their aid, and from some circumstances, we should judge that Board think it is possessed of the full powers of a high court of law.
"Is it essential to know how high the dam is? or even how old it is? This Board may well ask whether the overflow causes sickness; and if so, report such fact to the proper authority, that the evils may be removed; but we are informed that physicians who have practiced in that county for thirty years, do not find that sickness prevails in that region to a greater extent than in other parts of the county, where no dam or overflow exists; nor is it understood there is any considerable overflow in consequence of this dam. The dam is but 4½ feet high, and most of the time only confines the water above, to its natural channel; and that in high water the land below the dam is overflowed to nearly the same extent that exists above it. We trust the Board of Health will keep its legitimate sphere, and not permit itself to become the mere tool of selfish persons who desire to disturb their neighbors in their long acquired, just rights.

THE CROPS.
We publish in this paper a pretty full report of the condition of crops and the status of the harvest in Rock county. It will be seen that winter wheat and rye will yield well, and are of good quality. The winter wheat was well advanced when the heated term began, and therefore resisted the powerful heat. The berry is full, and the yield will run from 18 to 30 bushels to the acre. Spring wheat suffered a great deal by the excessive heat. The berry is badly shrunken, therefore the yield will be light and the quality rather inferior. Barley will yield well, but it is so much colored that it will hardly prove a profitable crop. Oats are promising, and the crop will be a large one, at least fully up to the average of former years. Unless early frosts invade the country, the tobacco crop will be good. There are bright prospects for a good crop of corn. Nothing but a premature arrival of frost can prevent a heavy production of that crop.
Harvest hands are generally scarce and consequently wages are high. Farmers are paying from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day, the average being about \$2.00. The tramps will not work as a rule regardless of the price offered for labor. This proves that the "workmen begging bread," we hear so much about, are tramps too lazy to work, and scoundrels who would rather beg and steal than earn an honest living. Notwithstanding the cry of hard times, wages in the harvest field are much higher now than they were ten years previous to the outbreak of the war. The highest they reached during that decade was \$1.25 to \$1.40 in 1859 and '60.

The representatives of the workmen preach one thing and practice another. They tickle the workmen with fine speeches, call them the horny-handed sons of toil, and at the same time the false prophets take their pleasure and fare sumptuous every day. Kearney, the California drayman, who has just reached Boston, crossed the continent in a palace car, and was wine and dined like a prince, while his bread followers were sweating to earn the bread they ate. Ben Butler, another champion of the working men, talks about the Government giving every man a farm, and expresses so much sympathy for the "oppressed laborers," but of his own riches he gives not a cent, but lives in luxury in an elegant mansion, and while he is indulging in the pleasures of his costly yacht, the objects of his "sympathy" are tramping the country to lazy to join the harvest force at two dollars a day.

The Richmond Despatch, Democratic, declares that the Democratic party is in an "unfortunate condition on the currency question. In New York and all the New England States, and in most of the Southern States, there are entertained sound theories on financial questions. In the West, the Democrats seem to have gone crazy and have no notions on this subject which are not too absurd for discussion. What the result will be no man can foretell."

Charley Parker's Congressional Convention will be held on Thursday. Of course he will be nominated, and it is quite certain that the Democrats will endorse the nomination. Should the Greenbackers and the Democrats form a coalition, which they will no doubt do for policy sake, the Republicans will carry the district by a great majority than ever before. The people can't be hoodwinked by any Greenback-Communist movement.

The death of Hon. Alexander D. Ramsey, of Grant county, is announced by the State Journal. Mr. Ramsey was one of the oldest settlers in Grant county. He was born in Kentucky in 1803, and in 1835 settled in the upper Mississippi lead mines near Dubuque. He was in the Black Hawk war of 1832, after which he located near Cassville where he resided until his death. He was also a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1847.
There promises to be another lively time in the Rockford Congressional District between the Republican candidates. General Hurlbut will again rise up as a candidate, and Mr. Lathrop, the present member will ask for a renomination.
The Cleveland Herald thinks there are grounds for belief that Ben Butler's party will soon dwindle down to Ben Butler.
General Garfield says the National party is the X Y Z of the Ohio campaign. It is more properly the &c.

THE NEWS.

The Governor Issues a Pardon to Mrs. Dickinson, of Monroe.

The Leaders of the Washington Riot Sentenced to the Chain Gang.

Commencement of the Russell Wheeler Murder Trial at Milwaukee.

The Reception of the Potter Committee at the Seashore.

General Butler the Only Member Who Receives Any Attention.

That Horrible Outrage Committed on the New York Central Railroad is Said to be True.

The Trial of Sherman, at Racine, for Seduction.

FROM MADISON.

Special Dispatch to the Jamesville Gazette.
MADISON, July 30.—To-day Governor Smith pardoned Mrs. Lilla B. Dickinson, committed at Monroe, October, 1876, for procuring an abortion on Miss Jennie Eyerson, a servant girl at the Gleason House, Monroe, Wisconsin, from the effects of which she died. The sentence was passed in July, 1877. The pardon takes effect to-morrow, June 31; and is given for the reason that it is believed, in view of all the circumstances of the case, that justice has been satisfied by the prisoner's conviction and sentence, followed by the imprisonment she has now endured. The pardon was recommended by the circuit and county judges, past and present, the district attorney, all the jurymen now living before whom she was tried, the sheriff, clerk of the court, register of deeds, treasurer, State senator, members of the Assembly, and a large number of the best known and most respectable citizens of Green county. This is the third application that has been made for her pardon, one being made before sentence, which was accompanied by a remonstrance, and one soon after sentence was passed.

THE RIOTERS.

The Police Court Sent the Ring-leaders to the Chain Gang.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—The vigorous action of the police, supplemented by prompt co-operation on the part of the Judge of the Police Court, has thoroughly dampened the ardor of the small body of tramps and loafers which attempted to create was termed "labor riots" in this city. To-day in the Police Court about half a dozen of those who made themselves prominent in the disturbances of Saturday were sent to the chain gang.

DISAPPOINTMENT.

The Potter Committee's Reception at the Seaside—Butler Attracting all the Attention—Future Plans of the Committee.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—Some of the odds and ends of the Potter Committee arrived here this morning, and reported that they made a very poor selection in a seaside resort, that the hotels were jammed and the fare poor, and although there were from 20,000 to 50,000 visitors at the place some days, their presence excited very little curiosity outside of the hotel where they met, and very little attention was paid to the members individually. There seemed to be an exception to a certain extent in Butler's case, and there was a general curiosity to get one glimpse of him. He also seemed to appreciate that he was on exhibition, and appeared soon after his arrival in anything but a poor man's suit, being in a broadcloth swallowtail, white necktie, fancy colored stockings, and patent-leather slippers. It is expected that, in about two weeks, the Committee will reassemble in some comfortable place in the region of New York to examine the members of the MacVeagh Commission. After that, when the westerner will permit, a session in this city, to complete the hearing of Secretary Sherman, is contemplated; but, beyond that, no plans are yet formed.

OBITUARY.

Andrew Gaines, of Beloit—George Colt, Jr., of Kalamazoo.
BELOIT, Wis., July 29.—Andrew Gaines 81 years old, fell down stairs last evening, receiving wounds upon the head which caused his death in about twenty minutes. He was the father of Mrs. John Wilson, and lived with Mr. Wilson's family, over his bakery and confectionery store in this city, where the accident took place.
KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 29.—George Colt, Jr., only son of George Colt, a leading merchant of this place, died to-day quite suddenly with heart disease. He was a man of 30 years, and quite famous as a caricaturist, having served several years on Harper's Weekly and other illustrated journals. He had returned to Kalamazoo for a short visit, and was taken suddenly ill, and remained unconscious up to the time of his death. He was universally esteemed as a young man of great promise.

W. Sherman, now in jail on charge of seduction, presented affidavits of the defendant alleging an alibi, and other defenses, and made a motion for a reduction of bail to enable him to get at large, to see witnesses and prepare his case for trial. The motion was opposed by District Attorney Croston, and the court refused to grant the same, holding that the bail \$1,200 was not excessive. Attorney Fish, who appeared for Sherman at the examination before the magistrate, has withdrawn from the case. The prisoner was remanded back to jail in default of bail.

MURDER TRIAL.

The Commencement of the Trial of Russell Wheeler, at Milwaukee.
MILWAUKEE, July 29.—The trial of Russell Wheeler for the murder of Theodore B. Henderson at the Newhall house early in the past month was commenced in the Municipal Court to-day. The attendance was so large that the court was obliged to provide better conveniences. The books and papers were moved to the Circuit Court room. All the afternoon was consumed in impaneling a jury. The witnesses on the part of the State will be introduced to-morrow morning. W. H. Ebbetts and J. J. Orton are conducting the defense and the District Attorney is assisted by C. K. Martin. The trial will occupy the entire week.

COUNTERFEIT.

A Very Dangerous Counterfeit \$100 Bank Note.
WASHINGTON, July 29.—A very dangerous \$100 counterfeit note on the Pittsfield National Bank, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, has just been discovered by the National Bank Redemption Division of the Treasury Department. It is evidently made from the same plate as the recent \$100 counterfeit, but is better printed. The numbering is excellent. All notes of this issue will be withdrawn from circulation as rapidly as possible.

THAT OUTRAGE.

Verification of the Horrible Outrage on the New York Central Railroad.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 29.—The Bulletin this evening prints the following: We are sorry to hear, from a gentleman acquainted with the circumstances, that the report of a cruel outrage on a highly respectable Boston lady who was traveling on the New York Central Railroad is true in all material circumstances. A U.S. dispatch attempts to discredit the story, but there is no doubt of the facts.

SAM RINDSKOPF.

MILWAUKEE, July 29.—Sam Rindskopf was today adjudged a bankrupt before Register Bloodgood. His liabilities are at \$32,000 and his assets at \$110,000.

How Mean a Man Can Be.

From the Virginia (Nevada) Chronicle.
"Speaking of gall," remarked an Eastern printer last evening in a C street beer-salon, "talking of solid cheek, I never saw a man who had more of it than Pete Bivens, of Kansas City. Three of us used to room together there in 1873. One night in July—it was so hot that if you'd chuck water on the side of a house it would sizzle like so much hot iron—we concluded to go down and sleep on one of the timber rafts on the river. Well, we got on the rafts with our blankets. Just before turning in Pete Bivens said he guessed he'd cool off by taking a swim. I knew the current would catch him right under, but didn't want to give him any advice and he dived off the end of the raft. The undertow caught and sent him out of sight in about three seconds. As soon as we saw that he was drowned we called a boat for a light effect. We found \$3.50 in his pants pocket and an old watch. We took 'em up town and soaked the clothes for \$9 and sold the watch for \$12. Then we went 'round town on a sort of jamboree and spent the money. About 5 o'clock in the morning we were drinking up the last dollar with some of the boys at the Blue Corner when who should walk in but Pete himself in an old suit of clothes that he'd borrowed off a man three miles down the river. And hang me if he didn't demand his clothes, and the next day he was 'round dunning us for the paltry \$3.50. The gall of some men's enough to paralyze a Louisiana alligator."

Milestones on the Road to Health.

The recovery of digestion and the resumption of activity by the liver, bowels and kidneys are milestones which mark our progress on the road to health. They speedily become perceptible when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used by the invalid. Nothing so surely and expeditiously consumes the distance to the desired goal. As no bodily function can suffer interruption without impairing the general health of the system, so the system can never acquire perfect vigor, health, symmetry, until that function be actively resumed. Take, for instance, digestion, a suspension of which is invariably rectified by Bitters. If the organs upon which it develops grow weak, biliousness, constipation, headache, poverty of the blood, and a hundred other symptoms supervene, which indicate unmistakably the baneful general influence of dyspepsia. The disappearance of all these symptoms through the use of the Bitters shows with what thoroughness it removes their cause.

Fever and Ague Cured for 50 Cents.

Dr. Swayne's Fever and Ague Pills, (without calomel or quinine), are a quick and sure cure in every case for ague and fever, intermittent and remittent fever, and all diseases having their origin from Malaria. They are a great tonic and preventive as well as a cure of all complaints peculiar to malarious, marshy and miasmatic districts. They act on the liver, and brace up the system to a vigorous healthy condition. Notwithstanding these pills are sold for one-half the price that other ague cures are sold for, yet we will warrant them as effective in all cases as any pills or mixture, and being entirely free from all minerals, their use leaves no bad effects, as in the case of many other remedies. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, (in currency or postage stamps), 50 cents a box, three boxes \$1.25, six boxes \$2.50. Address letters, Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth St., Philadelphia.

Notice of Taking Depositions

A new blank, just printed.
For sale by the GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, July 29
Flour—quiet and unchanged.
Wheat—strong; opened ½ cent higher, and closed strong; No 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.16½; No 1 Milwaukee 1.16½; No 2 Milwaukee, 1.16½; July 1.16½; August 99½ cents; September 93½ cents; No 3 Milwaukee at 9 cents.
COHN—No 3 33½¢
OATS—No 3 24½¢
BARLEY—No 3 30¢
PORK—new 9 75¢ cash
LARD—prime steam 7 18½¢
CATTLE—Range at 4.00, 4.50 according to quality and grade.
DRESSED HOGS—3.90¢ 4.00
SHEEP—Range at 3.50 to 3.75 according to condition and weight.
SEEDS—Timothy 1.05¢ 1.15¢; clover 45¢
BEANS—1.45¢ 1.50
BUTTER—Range from 10¢ 12½¢.
EGGS—90¢ 74¢ fresh.
CHEESE—70¢ c.
HONEY—for comb, 14¢ 15¢; for strained, 9¢ 10¢
WOOL—Washed 30¢ 31¢; unwashed 29¢ 30¢
TALLOW—24¢ 25¢
HOPS—New 2.24¢, old 2.2¢.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 29
During the afternoon No 2 spring wheat was fairly active; seller August selling at 95½¢ 95½¢ cents and closing at 95½¢ cents. Seller September sold at 91½¢ 91½¢ cents, and closed at 91½¢ cents.
No corn sold fairly at 35½¢ cents for seller August.
Flour—Quite a fair demand was reported, and the market was again firm, the tendency for the prices being favorable to sellers.
COHN—39½¢ cash;
OATS—26¢ cash;
RYE—No 2, 54¢
BARLEY—New No 2 70½¢
PORK—cash 9 75¢ 9 75¢
LARD—cash 7 18½¢ 18½¢
LIVE HOGS—1.25¢ 1.25¢ according to grade.
WHISKY—1.08¢
HOPS—3.50¢ 3.50¢
SUGAR—Granulated, 10¢ 10½¢; Standard A 9½¢ 9½¢
CHEESE—64¢ 64½¢ 52¢ 54¢ according to quality.
EGGS—Fresh 7¢ 7¢
BUTTER—18¢ 18¢ 18½¢ according to quality
POULTRY—turkeys 75¢; chickens at 30¢ 30¢ per dozen.
BEANS—Good mediums 1.50¢ 1.50¢ per bushel and rays 1.70¢ 1.70¢
BROOM CORN—54¢ 54½¢, according to quality
FEATHERS—Prime live geese, 42¢ 43¢; live duck, 25¢
TALLOW—64¢ 64½¢ No 1
WOOL—Washed 30¢ 31¢; unwashed 29¢ 30¢; tub washed, fair to good, 30¢ 30½¢

New York Grain and Provisions Market.

NEW YORK, July 29
Flour—no change, and little demand; exporters were out of the market, except for low grades of clear Minnesota, at 4.50¢; western at 5.00¢ 5.00¢; western winter wheat at 4.25¢ for seconds up to 6; Minnesota straight at 6.75¢ down; patent do at 5.50¢ down.
Wheat—The market opened more active on options at a sharp decline on No 2 red and easier on No 3 spring; northwestern for August sold at 1.06¢ for No 2 red; No 2 Chicago sold at 1.07¢, and No 2 Milwaukee, was quoted at \$1.05 nominal.
COTTON—Memphis quotation 11½¢
COHN—32½¢ western;
OATS—32½¢; white western
RYE—western 50¢
BARLEY—41¢
PORK—10.30¢ mess
LARD—7 47½¢
HAY—Shipping 45¢ 45¢
CORN MEAL—2.10¢ 2.10¢
WHISKY—1.06¢
SUGAR—firm but quiet; refining 7.50¢ 7.50¢
MOLASSES—New Orleans 28¢ 28¢
PETROLEUM—26½¢ crude; refined 10¢ 10¢
LEATHER—30¢ 31¢
RICE—1.45¢
WOOL—domestic; fleece 28¢ 28¢; pulled 18¢ 18¢
TEXAS 12¢ 12¢; unwashed 10¢ 10¢
COFFEE—Rio, 12½¢ 12½¢ gold; jobbing 13¢ 13¢ in gold.
TALLOW—Firm; 6 15¢ 15¢
CHEESE—27½¢
BUTTER—Western 6.22¢
EGGS—Western 10¢ 10¢
TURKEYS—24¢ 24¢
NATURAL—84¢
HOPS—Western 3.50¢
BEEF—Western 14¢
RICE—64¢ 64¢

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, July 29
Money; 7½¢ 24 per cent.
Sterling exchange bankers' bills 4.82; sight exchange on New York 4.25¢
Gold 100¢
Silver 21½¢ 21½¢ per cent discount
Governments steady
State bonds dull
Stocks weak

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted
To purchase a small farm of 30 or 40 acres, under good improvements, containing good buildings and corresponding conveniences. Those wishing to dispose of such property please state terms at lowest rates and describe premises plainly. It is desirable that the place be located as near the city of Jamesville as possible. Please communicate with JAMES WOOD, Alden, McIntyre Co., Ill.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED

For the Jamesville, Wis., Post Office for the week ending July 30, 1878:
LADIES:
Chapman, Mrs. Sarah
Fitzgerald, Miss Eliza
Gordon, Miss Anna
Hosland, Miss Eliza
House, Mrs. Annie M.
Miller, Miss Anna
Pittman, Nancy A.
Rox, Miss Mary
Shoies, Miss Minnie
Stimmons, Mrs. Carrie F.
Smith, Miss Annie M.
White, Miss Clara

GENTLEMEN.

Brown, Bradbury
Buck, F. H.
Hastings, Samuel
Hill, A. A.
Hall, L. F.
Hamphrey, S. J.
Maggott, Wm.
O'Neil, Martin
Parris, David
Peterson, John
Queeney, Thomas
Rosa, Wm.
Smith, J. C.
Tracy, Edward
Wagoner, David
Walker, J. C.
Walker, L. C.

For Sale.

HOUSE AND LOT!
No 60, South Jackson street is for sale. Apply to MATT J. WARD, on the 29th and 30th of July.
MYERS HOUSE, on the 29th and 30th of July.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVAL

Isaac Farnsworth

Has this day removed the balance of his stock to the store of

Mr. John Wingate, No. 39 West Milwaukee Street, where he

will be pleased to see his friends, and all those desiring to secure

bargains in Dry Goods will do well to call, as I am bound to

close out the entire stock in a very few days, and in order to

do so shall sell all goods very cheap.

I have still a very desirable assortment of White Goods, of

all kinds, which will be sold at great sacrifice in order to close

them out; also Laces and Lace Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Flannels, &c., &c.

Remember the place, viz., the

Crockery Store of J. H. Wingate, No. 39 West Milwaukee Street, and be sure and call early and secure bargains.

ISAAC FARNSWORTH,
Janesville, June 3d, 1878.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. SMITH, M. M. FIELDS,
SMITH & PHELPS,
Attorneys - at - Law.

Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgages foreclosed.
Office, Lappin's block, corner Main and Milwaukee streets. my17dawl

Dr. Clara L. Normington
(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago, recently offered her services to the people of Jamesville and vicinity.)
Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.
Office 19 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 5 p. m. Residence, 17 North Franklin street. 3-dwlv

J. H. BALCH,
Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing Promptly Attended to
Agent Auction, Topock & Santa Fe R. R. Co's Lands.

R. B. ELDREDGE, O. H. FETHERS,
ELDREDGE & FETHERS,
LAWYERS,
Smith & Jackson's Block.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
We have \$10,000 to loan, in sums to suit borrower, on first class farms in Rock county. Jans7dawl

H. H. BLYTHARD'S
Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.
Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business entrusted to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Jamesville, Wis. aug17dawl

GEO. H. MCCAUSEY
SURGEON DENTIST
Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee st., Janesville, Wis. feb17dawl

Abstracts of Title
A. E. MORSE,
At the office of Register of Deeds.
Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans. nov17dawl

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,
Dental Surgeon,
Office in Smith & Jackson's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth. sep17dawl

Cassoday & Carpenter.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Office, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lappin's block, JAMESVILLE, WIS. feb17dawl

THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE

Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$5.00 per year, in advance.
The Weekly Gazette
[PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.]
Is the largest Weekly newspaper published in Southern Wisconsin.
TERMS:
Per year, in advance, \$3.00
Six months, in advance, \$1.50
Address, GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

GROCERIES, &C.

VANKIRK, The Boss Grocer

NO. 23 MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS

His scales are true, his measures just. His goods are free from mold or rust; He buys for cash and not on trust. To undersell him others must. Steal their goods or surely bust.

Appreciating the fact that during the next 90 days the Farmers of Old Rock will require a large amount of groceries, I have made ample provision to supply them at wholesale or retail at less prices than the same amount of goods can be bought at either in Chicago or Milwaukee markets.

My Stock is the Largest in the City And replete with everything found in a First Class Grocery.

It Is a Fact

That I am selling Tea lower than any other house in the State at Retail.

A fine new Japan 50 cents usually sold at..... 75¢
A fine Oolong 50 cents, usually sold at..... 50¢
A fine Gimpowder 50 cents, usually sold at..... 1.00
Standard A Sugar..... 10¢
Granulated Sugar..... 11¢
Choice Coffee green or ground..... 20¢
Dried Peaches..... 8¢
Dried Blackberries..... 10¢
Turkish Prunes..... 10¢
All other groceries at corresponding prices. Plug, Fine Cut, and Smoking Tobacco cheaper than ever offered before, as I have a Job Lot. I will not enumerate but will guarantee a saving of from 5 to 15 per cent. to all buyers who will examine my stock and prices. Highest market price paid for choice Butter in tubs, also Fresh Eggs, and other produce. Remember the place, directly opposite McKoy Bros., Janesville, Wis. Yours, respectfully W. T. VANKIRK.

CHOICE BUTTER IN SPRUCE TUBS

Prices guaranteed as low as the lowest, and all goods warranted just as represented or no sale.
Yours respectfully, G. W. HAWES, my21dawl

NEW GOODS

I have just received from New York, the following choice goods: "Roses" Lime Juice, Raspberry Vinegar, American Breakfast Cereals, Oat Meal, Whole and Barley Steamed Cakes. A full assortment of Packaged Goods: Jackson's Whole and Ground Spices; Cross & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces; REAL Olive Oil, Salad Dressing, &c. Something New in the Way of Caramels For Summer use; also another supply of Wilson Packing Co. Canned Meats. For sale at J. A. DENNISTON'S, 49 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

ALL READY!

Spring Trade!

My Stock of Foreign and Domestic Cloths GENT'S

Furnishing Goods

HATS and CAPS, Trunks and Traveling Bags is Complete.

Call and See My NEW PRICES J. L. FORD.

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 50 CENTS. Jans17dawl

May the Best Win!

John H. Wingate has secured the Agency of the ADAMS & WESTLAKE WIRE GAUZE NON EXPLOSIVE

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1878.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Trains at Janesville station.	Arrive	Depart
From Monroe	5:30 a.m.	
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p.m.	
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p.m.	
From Monroe (Freight)	1:30 p.m.	

Trains at Janesville station.	Arrive	Depart
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:30 a.m.	
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:10 p.m.	
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul	2:40 p.m.	
For Monroe (Freight)	4:40 a.m.	
For Monroe (Freight)	1:30 p.m.	

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

Trains at Janesville station.	Arrive	Depart
Chicago North	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago South	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago North	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago South	5:30 p.m.	

Post-Office, Summer Time Table.

Trains at Janesville Post Office	Arrive	Depart
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	

Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by

Trains at Janesville Post Office	Arrive	Depart
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	

Madison and Milwaukee

Trains at Janesville Post Office	Arrive	Depart
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Trains at Janesville Post Office	Arrive	Depart
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Trains at Janesville Post Office	Arrive	Depart
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	1:30 p.m.	
Chicago and Way	5:30 p.m.	

GRANT ON SHERMAN.

How he Estimates Sherman's Memoirs—False Impressions Suddenly Removed.

"So far as the war is concerned," said the General, "I think history will more than approve the place given to Sherman and Sherman's war."

"I have known him for thirty years. During that time there never was but one cloud over our friendship, and that," said the General, "lasted about three weeks. When Sherman's book came out, Mr. Boynton, the correspondent, printed some letters about it."

"I was shocked. But there were the letters and the extracts. I could not believe it in Sherman, the man whom I had always found so true and knightly, more anxious to honor others than win honor for himself."

"I had official duties, and I am a slow reader. Then I missed the books when I reached the Branch and had to send for them. So it was three weeks before I was through. During these weeks," replied the General, laughing, "I did not see Sherman, and I am glad I did not."

"My mind was so set by Boynton's extracts that I should certainly have been cold to him. But when I finished the book I found that I approved every word—that it was a true book, an honorable book—creditable to Sherman, just to his companions to myself particularly—just such a book as I expected Sherman would write. Then it was accurate, because Sherman keeps a diary, and he compiled the book from notes made at the time. Then he is a very accurate man. You cannot imagine how pleased I was, for my respect and affection for Sherman were so great, that I look on these three weeks as among the most painful in my remembrance. I wrote Sherman my opinion of the book. I told him the only points I objected to were his criticisms upon some of our civil soldiers, like Logan and Blair. As a matter of fact there were in the army no two men more loyal than John A. Logan and Frank Blair. I knew that Sherman did not mean to disparage either of them, and that he wrote hastily. Logan did a great work for the Union in bringing Egypt out of the Confederacy, which he did and he was an admirable soldier, and as he has always been an honorable, true man—a perfectly just and fair man, whose record in the army was brilliant. Blair also did a work in the war entitling him to the gratitude of every Northern man and the respect of every soldier. But with these two exceptions I approved of every word of Sherman's book and think it of great value as a history."

Shirtless in a Camp Meeting.

"Who am I?" "Where do I come from?" said a rakish looking prisoner very reflective last night in the Western Police Station, echoing the questions put to him by Captain Lepton, who sat at the desk.

"Let me see!" Thereupon he appeared to fall into a brown study, and folded his arms across his breast and knit his brows and contemplated his features as if thinking was indeed a painful labor. "I'll tell you who I am," he said suddenly with energy, turning around and facing the reporter, who had come out of an ante-room to see what the matter was. "I'm the devil! Old Nick! Flibberty gabbit! Megaphonophonic! Beelzebub! Bob Ingersoll! Hoop-la, here you are for the lower regions, get along with you!" he said suddenly with energy, turning around and facing the reporter, who had come out of an ante-room to see what the matter was. "I'm the devil! Old Nick! Flibberty gabbit! Megaphonophonic! Beelzebub! Bob Ingersoll! Hoop-la, here you are for the lower regions, get along with you!"

"None of your nonsense," said Captain Lepton, severely; you're a tramp. Tell me what induced you to go into church without a shirt on?"

"I'm the devil, I tell you! Everybody around here knows me." It looked at this moment as if he was going to appeal to the reporter to identify him.

"Gore," said Captain Lepton, addressing the officer who had the man under arrest, "what has the fellow been doing?" Thereupon the officer went on to explain that a religious meeting was going on in the tent at the corner of Franklin and Carey streets. Rev. Mr. Cummings was leading in prayer, and all the people were on their knees, when the man under arrest dashed up the aisle with a yell, and mounting the pulpit, gave the Bible a preparatory emphatic whack, and proceeded to square off as if to address the crowd. The effect was electric. People rose upon their feet, and a dozen hands were laid upon the wild-looking intruder. His shoes and pantaloons were in bad repair, his hair was unkempt and his beard unshaven, but all of these could have been tolerated if it had not been for the fact that, although he wore a coat, nothing intervened between it and his skin.

In a short space of time the officers had him in custody, and the meeting went on. It is hard to tell what motive actuated his conduct in the tent or at the station house, as he was certainly shamming, and when put back in a cell could be heard chuckling to himself over the fun he had been having.—Baltimore American.

MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, May 23d, trains will arrive and depart from this station as follows:

Lepson, severely; you're a tramp. Tell me what induced you to go into church without a shirt on?"

"I'm the devil, I tell you! Everybody around here knows me." It looked at this moment as if he was going to appeal to the reporter to identify him.

"Gore," said Captain Lepton, addressing the officer who had the man under arrest, "what has the fellow been doing?" Thereupon the officer went on to explain that a religious meeting was going on in the tent at the corner of Franklin and Carey streets. Rev. Mr. Cummings was leading in prayer, and all the people were on their knees, when the man under arrest dashed up the aisle with a yell, and mounting the pulpit, gave the Bible a preparatory emphatic whack, and proceeded to square off as if to address the crowd. The effect was electric. People rose upon their feet, and a dozen hands were laid upon the wild-looking intruder. His shoes and pantaloons were in bad repair, his hair was unkempt and his beard unshaven, but all of these could have been tolerated if it had not been for the fact that, although he wore a coat, nothing intervened between it and his skin.

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MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, May 23d, trains will arrive and depart from this station as follows:

Trains Arrive.

From Monroe	5:30 a.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	1:30 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	4:45 p.m.
From Monroe (Freight)	1:30 p.m.

Trains Leave.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:30 a.m.
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:10 p.m.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and St. Paul	2:40 p.m.
For Monroe (Freight)	4:40 a.m.
For Monroe (Freight)	1:30 p.m.

The S.S. train arrives in Milwaukee at 11 a.m., and leaves for Janesville and Monroe at 4 p.m.

General Passenger Agent.

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Trains Arrive.

Trains Leave.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN DRY GOODS

MILLINERY

AT THE CENTENNIAL DRY GOODS STORE!

WE HAVE RECEIVED THIS MORNING

From a large Auction Sale in New York, 15,000 yards of

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings

Which we will offer at one-half the price usually paid for these goods.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS,

Our Summer Stock

We Are Offering Some Great Bargains

IN ALL OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

Victoria Lawns, Swiss Muslins, Jones' Cambrics, Dress Goods, White Goods, Piques, Honey Comb Quilts, Corsets, Gloves,

Plaid Nainsooks, Plain Nainsooks, Tucked Muslins, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Marseilles Quilts, Shetland Shawls, Hosiery, Fans, &c.

IN OUR

Millinery Department

Will be found a complete stock of

RIBBONS.

FLOWERS, FEATHERS

And everything pertaining to

A FIRST CLASS MILLINERY STOCK!

We will now close out the balance of our

Trimmed Hats

LADIES IN WANT OF ANY OF THE ABOVE GOODS

Take Comfort

The Economist Oil Stove!

35 ALREADY SOLD!

It has no Rival and Knows no Competitor

WAR DECLARED---McCLERNAN & CO. READY FOR ACTION.

WE WILL Sell Plain & Plaid Dress Goods

SPRING SHAWLS

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

OUR NOTION DEPARTMENT

McCLERNAN & CO.

TREMONT HOUSE, Chicago.

THE TREMONT HOUSE, the "Palace Hotel" of Chicago, is unsurpassed in all the appointments, luxuries and comforts of a first-class hotel.

WAUKESHA WATER!

DUNBAR'S BETHESDA SPRING

HEIMSTREET SOLE AGENT FOR JANESVILLE, NEW YORK DRUG STORE.

CLAPP BROS. & CO.

WHOLESALE JEWELERS.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN WATCHES.

For Sale

WINDSOR OIL

For Sale!

CHICAGO MEDICAL COLLEGE

For Sale!

RAILROADS.

GRAND HAVEN ROUTE.

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

SHORTEST, CHEAPEST

STEAMSHIPS LEAVE DAILY.

MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

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Trains Leave.

Trains Arrive.

BRIEFLETS.

—It's over.

—Smash your smoked glass.

—The vaillant yets are craving gore.

—These are the kind of nights when dogs delight to get out in the yard, and eat cats-up.

—The testimonial concert to Ben Grove at Court Street church next Friday night will be a rich treat.

—The examination of Charles T. Wilcox, charged with assaulting George Brown, is before Justice Prichard to-day.

—Mr. E. B. Moses starts to-day for Mendota, Illinois, on a two weeks' visit where his wife has been sojourning the past five weeks.

—Work was to-day commenced on Ford's new building next to the postoffice. It will be a great improvement to that part of the city.

—Kate Lynch, of Beloit, was on another drunk last night, and Marshal Keating locked her up at Colley's. She spends most of the time in jail.

—The Knights of Honor last evening concluded to accept the offer of the Temple of Honor, and will hereafter hold their meetings in the latter's hall in Mitchell's block.

—Captain Baker of the Janesville Veterans, will always beat his "Post," and the boys will have good "times" as long as Lieutenant Tonsley wears the shoulder-straps.

—Frank Dudley, of Union, who was charged with assaulting his parents with a knife, was before Justice Balch to-day, and the case continued for sixty days, he being released on his own recognizance.

—Miss Belle Allen entertained a number of her young friends last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Jerome. Charades, music, refreshments and social chit-chat made the occasion a decidedly pleasant one.

—The ladies of Trinity Church Sewing Society will give a lawn party at the residence of Captain John Neal, on Washington street, on Wednesday evening, July 31st, and will be happy to meet their friends there on that occasion.

—Prof. Silsbee has skillfully prepared with the pen some memorial scrolls in remembrance of William M. Tallman, bearing the resolutions passed by the Bar Association. The design is very unique and is finely executed, and speaks highly of Prof. Silsbee's artistic wielding of the pen.

—Prof. Bischoff will play upon the organ, and Miss Emma Baker, one of Chicago's favorite contraltos will sing at the testimonial concert to be given to Ben Grove next Friday night at Court Street church. Tickets for sale at Moseley's on and after to-morrow morning. Price two shillings.

—Mr. L. Wyler has returned from Milwaukee, where he has been sweating and tagging for a renewal of the contract for bottled beer. He succeeded in getting terms to suit him and will to-morrow make public the prices of the same, for the benefit of those who need it for medical purposes.

—The Committee on Water Works, selected by the Chairman of the citizens' meeting, will meet next Thursday evening at the Council Chamber at half-past seven o'clock. The action of this Committee will be watched with deep interest by all property owners. It will be some time probably before a formal report is prepared by them.

—Mrs. Jennie Kempton, of Chicago, who is so widely and favorably known among the musical circles, is expected to arrive in Janesville next Thursday night. Next Saturday morning at 9 o'clock she will meet her pupils at the rooms formerly occupied by Prof. Woollett. Among those who are to come here to meet her is Miss Lily Ramsdell, of Racine, who made such a pleasing impression here by her readings and songs.

—Yesterday as the prisoners were being locked up for dinner, one of the noble corps of tramps who were sent up here from Beloit, as soon as the shackles were taken off, managed to open the door and run. He struck across the river, and into Fifield's lumber yard. Jack Day gave him a close chase and fired his revolver three times, though not trying to hit him. The tramp, whose name is Shackelford crawled between some piles of lumber to get out of the way, and was there recaptured.

—Alfred Knipschild, who for quite a time followed the barber business here, being an employe in Wisch's shop, has got into trouble in Delavan. A man named Van Alstein came into the shop there and after being shaved, missed his pocket book which was in his hip pocket, and contained \$80 in cash, and \$1,000 in notes. Soon after Knipschild, who shaved him, skipped out for Bloomington, Illinois. He was there arrested and \$53 found on his person, including a torn \$2 bill, which Van Alstein identified as his. He was brought back to Delavan, and owing to the absence of witnesses, was discharged and left immediately for Clinton. Soon after the pocket book was found in the privy at the rear of the shop, and a telegraph was sent to Clinton to arrest the barber. Deputy Sheriff Marsh happened to be there, nabbed the man as he got out of a box car and started hurriedly away. He was taken back to Delavan, and put in custody.

VALIANT VETS.

There was a meeting last evening of veterans, for the purpose of organizing a military company. Major Baker, president and B. H. Baldwin, acted as Secretary. There were between fifty and sixty names on the roll, and the following were chosen to wear the straps and swords:

—Captain—C. W. Baker.

—First Lieutenant—W. H. Tonsley.

—Second Lieutenant—J. B. Lagrange.

It was decided to christen the company the "Janesville Veterans," and to have the following for the civil officers:

—President—John Andrews.

—Secretary—B. A. Baldwin.

—Treasurer—W. H. Tonsley.

SMASHED HEADLIGHTS.

Two Railroad Trains Try to Pass Each Other on the Same Track at the Same Time.

Two Men Injured, and the Engines Wrecked.

Last evening a serious railroad collision occurred on the Madison division of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, between Evansville and Oregon. It was the merest accident that the collision did not result in a horrible loss of life, and as it was there were two victims of what seemed to be carelessness on the part of some one of the employes. The facts as nearly as they can be ascertained are as follows:

Passenger train No. 2, from the North, was a few minutes behind time last night, and the train dispatcher issued a telegraphic order to the agent and operator at Oregon to hold train No. 2 till passenger train No. 3 arrived from the South. The order was answered in due form, and the usual signal put out to warn the coming train that an important order awaited it, and not to pass. Train No. 2 arrived, and the conductor and engineer went into the office to find out what was wanted. The operator, through mistake, told conductor of No. 2 that he held orders to hold train No. 3 instead of No. 2, as it should have read. Thereupon the conductor and engineer left the office and boarded their train and departed for Evansville. Train No. 3 received orders at Evansville, to run to Oregon regardless of train No. 2, and left Evansville for its meeting point at Oregon. A collision was inevitable. As No. 2 was rounding a curve a few miles south of Oregon, the engineer saw the headlight of train No. 3 dashing toward his train. He whistled for No. 3 to put on brakes, and at the same instant he put on his brakes; but the trains were under full headway and it was impossible to make a full stop in so short a distance, so the engines came together with a crash badly damaging both engines. The fireman on No. 2's engine had three ribs broken, and the fireman on No. 3's engine had an ankle hurt. This was truly a most fortunate escape. Had the engineers not seen each other at the time they did, the accident would have resulted more seriously, and many lives would have been lost, as both trains were carrying more than the usual number of passengers. Some people lay the blame to the conductor, and others lay it to the operators. However that may be is of course not quite plain as yet.

YESTERDAY'S BASE BALL.

At Chicago—Chicago 12, Indianapolis 9.

At Boston—Boston 3, Milwaukee 0.

At Utica—Utica 3, Manchester 3. Game called on account of darkness.

At Syracuse—Syracuse 5, Lowell 3.

At Rochester—Rochester 4, Springfield 2.

THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at seven o'clock this morning stood at 71 degrees above, and at two o'clock at 84 degrees above. Cloudy. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 73 degrees and 86 degrees above.

The indications to-day are for the upper lake region, partly cloudy weather, occasional rains, winds mostly southeasterly, stationary temperature, lower pressure.

An Expert.

Dr. Price is well known as an expert in the study of Culinary Chemistry, and the manufacture of Steele & Price are the result of his researches. One of these discoveries is the Cream Baking Powder, by the use of which light, sweet biscuits, cakes, etc., are a certainty.

CITY NOTICES.

Lost.

—On West Milwaukee street in this city Saturday evening last, a gutta percha chain to which was attached a fan, cross, and pin. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the above at this office.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the nicest and cheapest Box and Staple Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No. 39 Main street.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning, will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual constiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you.

Fleeting Piles.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum, the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue, very serious results may follow. Dr. Swayne's All Healing Ointment is a pleasant sure cure.

HOME CURES.—We were great sufferers from itching Piles, the symptoms were as above described; the use of Swayne's Ointment is a short time made a perfect cure.

J. W. CHRIST, Boot and Shoe House, 331 N. Second Street.

T. C. WEYMAN, Hatter, 8 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

Reader, if you are suffering from this distressing complaint, or Tetter, Itch, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Barbers Itch, or Greasy Scaly Skin Eruption, use Swayne's Ointment and be cured. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price (in currency or postage stamps), 50 cents a box, three boxes \$1.25. Address letters, Dr. Swayne & Son, 530 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia. No charge for advice. Sold by leading druggists.

THE HARVEST.

How it Appears Throughout Rock County.

Some of the Grain Badly Sun-Struck but Other Crops Good.

Harvest Hands Scarce, Though Good Wages are Offered.

Full Reports from the Field.

In response to queries sent out to different parts of the county the following reports of the condition of crops have been received:

MILTON.

A goodly number of farmers have finished their harvest, and by the last of this week the majority will be through. The winter wheat and rye crop is estimated to yield twenty bushels, and the quality is No. 1. Barley will average about thirty bushels, and although it is heavy enough to grade No. 2, it is so badly colored that much of the crop will have to be used as feed. Spring wheat has been damaged greatly by blight and rust and will not average over twelve bushels per acre, although there is straw enough for thirty. Some fields will yield twenty bushels, but those are exceptions, while others are not worth cutting. The wheat as a rule is shrunk and of poor quality. Oats are a good crop and will yield fairly. Corn is in fine condition and tolerably free from weeds. Tobacco is rather small but growing fast. Wages for hands range from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day, \$2 being the general figure.

July 29.

JOHNSTOWN.

The crops in this town are about as follows: Wheat injured badly by heavy rains and the hot weather, half a crop. Barley a large share of it is colored from the same cause, but of good weight and condition. A good yield. Oats, a large crop. Corn is doing well, but much wet weather and the early haying kept the farmers attending to it so that it should be and we shall have to take off 25 per cent of a good crop. Hay was a good crop but much of it damaged by wet weather. Gardens that are well attended are good. Apples are a light yield. Farmers are securing their grain rapidly. Weather fine.

July 29th.

CLINTON.

In answer to your inquiry about crops and labor I would say that from the best sources of information, and from personal observation the following statement will be found mainly correct: Previous to the floods of rain and the extreme heat of the last half of July, crops of all kinds seemed promise more perfect or abundant returns. The floods of rain fell and lodged the stoutest fields so that for this reason quite a percentage could not fill, the heat followed and blight, wide spread and disastrous was the result, wheat suffering most of all as was just in the condition to be most affected. Field corn, further advanced as a rule have suffered least. Some pieces will yield but few bushels of shrunken berries, hardly worth the cutting, while the most forward may yield 20 bushels per acre. It will not be safe to estimate the average above ten bushels of an interior quality. Barley will be an average crop, but badly colored and not of full weight; probably from 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Oats have suffered less than the other cereals, and the yield will be from 40 to 50 bushels of good quality. Rye is an average crop. Corn looks very promising excepting on low lands. The hay crop is very large. There is a scarcity of harvest help at an average price of \$2.00 per day. A few of our citizens tried to utilize the tramps at that price; took them home, fed and lodged them, but they almost invariably "aloped" before reaching the harvest field, and just now when help is most needed there are hardly any of them visible.

July 29th.

D. G. CHEEVER.

PLYMOUTH.

Wheat averages about 15 bushels per acre, but little has been sown. All cut. Barley averages 25 and 30 bushels per acre. All cut. But little sown. Oats averages 30 bushels per acre, but not quite as good a quality as last year. Rye all cut and averages 30 bushels per acre. Wages are \$1.50 a day, and do not know of any paying any more. Tramps want \$2.50 a day, but none get work.

July 25.

HARMONY.

Wheat is about half a crop, and many pieces are entirely ruined by rust and blight. Barley, a good crop, but all more or less colored. Oats are good, although there is considerable loss by lodging. I think I never saw oats in worse condition for cutting. Corn is backward, and very thin, but many pieces are making a good growth. I have never known so scarce a crop of grain as in this town; not able to get men at any price. Wages are from \$2 to \$2.50 per day.

July 26th.

Geo. H. Osgood.

ORFORDVILLE.

In compliance with your request, I send you the following crop items for Spring Valley: The number of acres of wheat sown this year was 731; last year about 160. Chintz bugs, rust, and the exceedingly hot weather will reduce the yield per acre somewhat below last year. I think it is a fair crop. Rye is a fair crop. Oats very considerably below last year, badly lodged, rusted and the "hot" will give light weight. Corn looks well. A rank growth. The ears are setting well. Potatoes good. Tame hay heavy and mostly well secured. Wild grass much lighter than last year. None cut yet. Harvest about half cut. Very few extra harvest hands employed in this town; not enough to establish wages. Berries, currants and cherries very abundant. Apples and grapes very few. No barley grown in this town. Twenty-six acres of tobacco set this year; cannot state its condition; 20,000 pounds sown last year.

July 29th.

C. C. DICKEY.

NEWARK.

Three quarters of the small grain raised in this town is cut, and in the shock. Rye will probably yield from 10 to 20 bushels per acre, or about the same as last year's crop. Winter wheat is the finest crop raised in this locality for many years. It will yield from 15 to 30 bushels per acre, and quality good, with an increased acreage over past years. Spring wheat was somewhat injured by excessive heat when maturing, but will be fairly an average crop. Oats have also suffered to some extent from the hot weather, but will yield better than an average of past years. Corn is doing fine at present, but will require favorable weather till about the 1st of October to mature it, being from one to three weeks later than usual. Potatoes and vegetables of all kinds will be a fair crop. Tame hay yielded extraordinarily well, was considerably damaged by bad weather when curing. Wild hay will not be an average crop in quantity, besides being badly injured by frosts. Harvest hands are receiving about twelve shillings per day, and in haying, wages were about one dollar per day. Every farmer has employment who has a disposition to work at present which correspond with the times, not only during harvest, but throughout the season; and I will add that the wages received by laboring men at the present time has a greater purchasing power invested in the necessities of life than the wages received

by that class, invested at the time the labor was performed, any time during the past eighteen years.

July 27.

E. K. FELT
COOKSVILLE.

Harvesting just commenced; wheat good, will yield from 10 to 25 bushels per acre. Oats about the same as last year, generally a good crop, 40 bushels per acre, being a safe estimate. Corn now promises a good yield. Harvest hands from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day and board. A few good hands wanted for a few days. Grain in this locality stands up very well.

July 25th.

B. S. HOKIE
SHOPIERE.

Our harvest is progressing rapidly although help is scarce and wages are from \$1.75 to \$2.50 per day. Rye generally good, better than an average crop. Barley large yield, plump berry, but almost all badly colored. Wheat much below average yield of the last six years. Few pieces good others badly blighted, probably yield from 3 to 10 bushels per acre. Less than last year. More acres sown. Succotash and oats are good; more than average yield, and good quality. I think rye, barley, oats and succotash will yield 10 per cent. per acre more than last year. Yours truly,

July 27.

THOS. HOLMES.

LIMA CENTER.

Wheat harvest is virtually ended. The yield is not large, probably not more than 12 bushels per acre through the town. Corn promises fair for a heavy yield. Barley is so badly lodged that it will mostly grade low as will be the case with much of the wheat. Oats are above the average. Wages from \$12 to \$23 generally, although sometimes a man's necessities make him pay a little more.

July 27th.

FRED GOULD.

JANESVILLE.

Wheat, rye, and barley mostly harvested. Farmers just commencing to harvest oats. Winter wheat, barley, and rye good, spring wheat some injured by the heat and rust. Oats are immense as far as straw is concerned, but late oats have been injured some by the hot weather. Corn good. Harvest hands are very scarce, though two dollars a day is offered for help. Some have hired for that others are asking more. Tramps plenty, but wood chopping is their best hold. They don't like harvesting.

July 25th.

D. JOHNSON.

MILTON JUNCTION.

Winter wheat and rye a splendid crop. Spring wheat one-half crop owing to blight and rust. Barley will yield fair, badly colored, on account of wet weather. Oats, some pieces are very heavy, and badly down, will yield less than expected. Corn promises an average crop. Potatoes are looking well notwithstanding the bugs have been very thick. Paris green fixes them. Grass, the heaviest known since the settlement of the town. Harvest hands plenty. Wages \$1.50 to \$2.00 for good men.

July 29.

S. C. CARR.

LA PRAIRIE.

Rye has been harvested and will be a fair crop per acre. Barley is also harvested and a portion of it in stock. The yield will not be so large as last year and the quality much poorer. Wheat is now being cut and yields very much in quality and yield. On the rich prairie lands it is almost worthless. It was struck with the rust and the storm blew it down, so that it will not pay more than for harvesting and threshing. The probable yield 1 should set at about 10 or 12 bushels per acre. Rolling lands and lighter soils may go above these figures. The quality will be poor and the yield light as compared with last year. Oats well, I think, be as average crop, the heaviest pieces lodged badly.

Harvest help about \$2.00 per day.

July 26th.

H. TARRANT.

FOOTVILLE.

Wheat, occasionally a fair piece, more than is below par. Oats, a large yield, quality not as good as last year. Barley, fair; two pieces threshed yield 25 to 30 bushels to the acre but somewhat stained. Corn, uncertain; with a favorable autumn an average crop. Harvest hands scarce at \$1.75 to \$2.00.

July 27th.

H. A.

FULTON.

Winter wheat good, and a larger acreage than for many years; spring wheat poor, a good deal hardly worth cutting. Winter wheat will go from 25 to 40 bushels. Oats very good, seemingly heavy, and will yield as well as last year. Corn though late in starting to grow looks as well now as last year, and bids fair to be as good a crop. Hay is very heavy, but the continuous rains have hurt it some. Tobacco very fine; the hot spell has made it and corn grow wonderfully. Harvest hands—if there be such a crop as we have been told, we haven't seen it. We could use 100 men right around here, and none to be had. Wages \$1.50 to \$2.50.

July 28th.

D. F. SAYRE.

EMERALD GROVE.

Our harvest is about half done. Our wheat crop is poor, about half a crop, and the quality poor. The barley will yield well, but it is badly colored. Oats will be an average crop, and of good quality. Corn is looking well. Potatoes are good, and look in good condition. Our hay crop was heavy, but a good deal of it was badly damaged by the wet weather. Harvest hands are scarce and wages \$2 per day, and a few get a little higher.

July 26th.

A. B.

Beyond the Reach of Human Skill.

Is the power to restore the hair to bald heads when the bulbs at the roots are destroyed by age or disease; but there are doubtless many persons becoming bald, whose hair by careful attention might be restored to its original luxuriance and beauty. Parker's Hair Balsam is an elegant preparation, designed to meet the public want for a harmless hair dressing and restorative. It acts like magic, commencing at the very roots, removes dandruff and all humors from the scalp, and never fails to restore gray or faded hair to the original color, and the soft, rich and glossy appearance of youth. By its occasional use falling of the hair is immediately checked, and a luxuriant and beautiful growth of young hair induced. The exquisite perfume and the purity of its composition are highly appreciated, and as it not a dye and does not stain the skin or clothing, it is a growing favorite of the toilet table everywhere. Buy a bottle from your druggist at J. Robert's, Janesville, Wis., and test its merits.

Jy3dawewillsept23

"Dobbins' Electric Soap."

Having obtained the agency of this celebrated Soap for Janesville and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people to its merits. I have washed with Dobbins' Electric Soap made by J. L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and pronounce it the best soap I have ever used. The rapidity and ease with which it enables one to do one's washing is really surprising. Boiling the clothes is entirely unnecessary, and no rubbing is needed. I would not be without it.

NELSON KENNETHSON.

I have no hesitation in saying that no house-keeper should be without Dobbins' Electric Soap. I can heartily recommend it. It is a charm in the wash tub.

ELIZA P. LELAND.

As a time, labor and money saving article, I take pleasure in recommending Dobbins' Electric Soap to my neighbors. It promises wonders and does all it promises.

MARY YEOMANS.

I take pleasure in calling attention to the testimonials, as we have just made arrangements with the manufacturers in Philadelphia so that we can supply the trade at their lowest Philadelphia price.

GEORGE W. BARZ, Sole Agent.

June2awse

To Justices of the Peace.

BLANKS FOR Justices of the Peace to County Board a new and convenient form.

REMEMBER!

THAT THE

TWELFTH EXHIBITION!

OF THE

The ROCK COUNTY



AGRICULTURAL Society

WILL BE HELD ON

Society's Grounds,

IN THE

City of JANESVILLE,

During the First Week in September Next

Commencing on Tuesday the

Second Day.

THE SOCIETY TAKES PLEASURE

In Announcing to the Public that

they have Spared no Efforts in Endeavoring to Make this the Most Successful Fair Ever Held in this Country.

Great ATTRACT'NS

AND

A LIBERAL PREMIUM LIST!

The Society have Engaged to Deliver the Annual Address

That Eminent Patriot and Soldier,

GEN'L JAMES SHIELDS

Who will Certainly be Present on that Occasion.

GEORGE SHERMAN, President.

F. S. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

Janesville, July 29th, 1878.